City of Victorville 2021 Districting Community Outreach
Welcome
Agenda

Things we will cover:

• Districting Basics
• Traditional Redistricting Principles
• Communities of Interest
• Public Testimony on Communities of Interest
• Public Hearing Schedule
What is the CVRA?

The California Voting Rights Act takes the principles of the Federal Voting Rights Act and expands it regarding districted elections in two key ways:

While Federal law uses “majority minority” districts as a standard for vulnerability, the CVRA only requires “ability to influence.”

The CVRA requires that plaintiffs get full reimbursement for legal fees associated with any successful challenge.
What is the CVRA?

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While Federal law uses “majority minority” districts as a standard for vulnerability, the CVRA only requires “ability to influence.”

The CVRA requires that plaintiffs get full reimbursement for legal fees associated with any successful challenge. *These can be lessened or eliminated if the district follows a strict and prompt process for districting.*
What is Districting

Definition

**Districting** is the initial process of creating election district boundaries.

These boundaries do not determine:

- How the city decides to govern. The city can still work to achieve goals that benefit the city as a whole rather than the interests of any single district.
- How services or relationships between the city and the public are managed.
What is Redistricting

Definition

Redistricting is the process of adjusting district lines every 10 years after the release of the US Census. The best known examples are Congress and the legislature.

Within the US, redistricting has become an extremely politicized process and been the subject of more high-profile Supreme Court decisions than any other part of our elections system.
Traditional Redistricting Principles

Preventing a District from becoming a Gerrymander

There are a number of criteria that have been used nationally and upheld by courts.

• Relatively equal size - people, not citizens
• Contiguous – districts should not hop/jump
• Maintain “communities of interest”
• Follow city/county/local government lines
• Keep districts compact – appearance/function
Traditional Redistricting Principles

Drawing New City Council Lines for Fair Representation

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Communities of Interest

Bringing like people together for representation

Communities of interest are the building blocks of districts. A community of interest includes ethnic and language minorities and other groups.

- Subjective
- Open-ended to be as inclusive as possible

Communities covered by the Voting Rights Act
- Latinos
- Asians
- African Americans
Communities of Interest

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While communities of interest may include race, it cannot be the predominant factor in drawing district boundaries.
Communities of Interest

Bringing like people together for representation

- Historical communities
- Economic interests
- Racial composition
- Ethnic Areas
- Cultural amenities
- Religious facilities
- Immigrant communities
- Languages spoken
- Geographic features
- Neighborhoods
- Economic opportunity zones

- Tourism Areas
- School districts
- Outdoor recreation areas
- Communities defined by natural resource features
- Downtown / Urban
- Rural or Agricultural
- Homeowner or Renters
- Creative arts communities
- Media markets
- Many, many more
What is NOT a Community of Interest

Preventing a Districting from becoming a Gerrymander

The Fair Maps Act explicitly prohibits these groups from being considered as communities of interest

- Political party affiliation
- Incumbents
- Political candidates

It also is hard, in redistricting to truly utilize:

- Groups of similarly minded people who do not share a similar geographic location or are citywide.
Communities of Interest

Three Critical Questions in Defining YOUR Community

• Does the community have a shared culture, characteristics or bond?

• Is the community geographic in nature? Is the community able to be mapped?

• Describe the community’s relationship with the jurisdiction and how it is affected by the policy decisions made by the elected officials.
Is this a Community of Interest?

A group of renters who live downtown testifies to the city’s redistricting commission.

Would this be considered a *Community of Interest*?
Is this a Community of Interest?

A group of renters who live downtown testifies to the city’s redistricting commission.

Would this be considered a Community of Interest?

YES! This group of residents can easily to be mapped in a distinct area AND they share a common policy interest, which can be addressed through legislation or public services.
Is this a Community of Interest?

A statewide group for people who are fans of the San Francisco Giants testifies to the local city redistricting commission.

Is this a Community of Interest?
Is this a Community of Interest?

A statewide group for people who are fans of the San Francisco Giants testifies to the local city redistricting commission.

Is this a Community of Interest?

NO! It is important that a community of interest is distinct enough to draw on a map. This group overlaps throughout the entire state, and it is unlikely that a governing agency has any say over these issues.
City of Victorville

What’s Next

Public hearings will be held to obtain input on communities of interest and receive feedback on potential districting plans prior to board adoption.

Input can be provided in public hearings or using Community of Interest Worksheets and/or paper or online maps.
## City of Victorville

### What’s Next

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>October 26, 2021</td>
<td>2nd Public Hearing</td>
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<tr>
<td>November 6, 2021</td>
<td>Community Outreach Meeting</td>
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<tr>
<td>November 9, 2021</td>
<td>Community Outreach Meeting (Spanish)</td>
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<tr>
<td>November 15, 2021</td>
<td>Community Outreach Meeting</td>
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<tr>
<td>November 30, 2021</td>
<td>Initial draft maps published</td>
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<tr>
<td>November 30, 2021</td>
<td>3rd Public Hearing (1st Map Hearing)</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 8, 2021</td>
<td>Publish amended draft maps (if any)</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 8, 2021</td>
<td>4th Public Hearing (2nd Map Hearing)</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 16, 2021</td>
<td>Publish final map</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 16, 2021</td>
<td>Introduce Ordinance to establish districts/approve maps</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 21, 2021</td>
<td>2nd reading of Ordinance</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 26, 2021</td>
<td>Deadline to pass maps</td>
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